

SKILL MAINTENANCE IN SURGERY Is learning on the job still viable?

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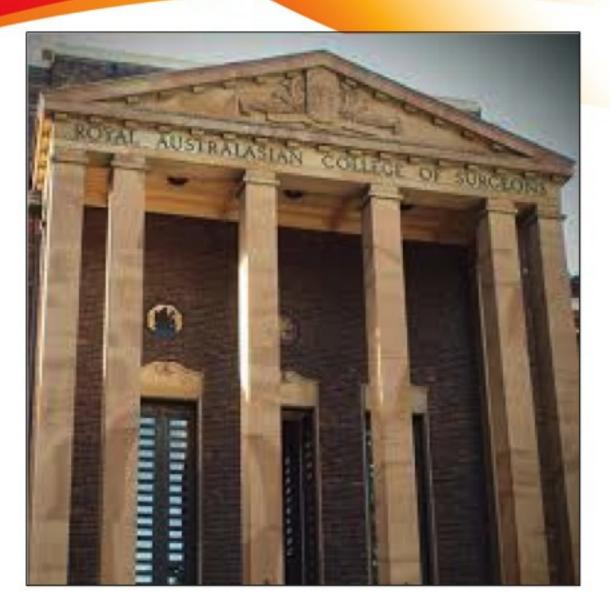
Injury 2013.















Overview

Skill Maintenance In *General* Surgery:

- Evolution of Surgery
- Junior Staff:
 - Surgical Education and Training (SET)
 - Hospital Programs
- Fellows:
 - RACS, GSA and NZAGS
 - Resources
 - Simulator and Skills Training
- Challenges for Consultant Staff



Continuing Evolution of Surgery

Surgical techniques developed over the last 25 years

- Laparoscopic techniques
- Linear cutting staplers
- Non-tension hernia repair with mesh
- Ligasure and Harmonic Scalpel
- Haemostatic agents
- Laparoscopic Gastric Bands
- Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy
- Single Incision Laparoscopic Surgery

Etc.....





Continuing Evolution of Surgery

Sub-specialisation: Case Load

- Colorectal Surgery
- Gastrectomy
- Breast Surgery
- Thyroid surgery
- Hepatobiliary-Pancreatic Surgery

Public expectation

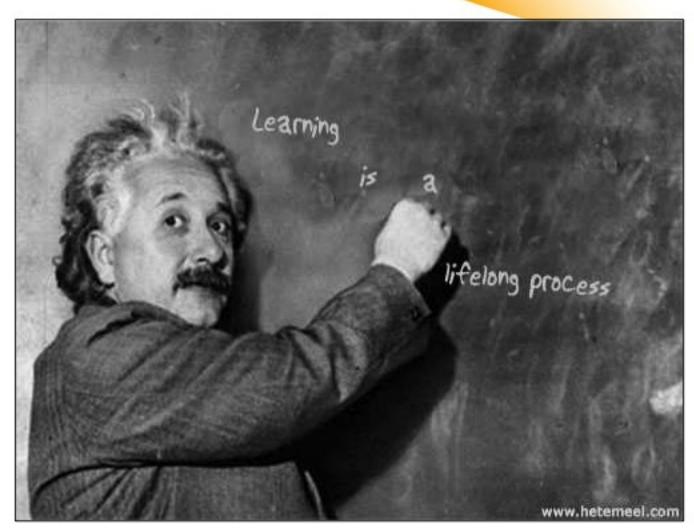
- Highly trained
- Experienced



Surgical Training

- Medical undergraduates
- Interns
- HMOs
- Surgical Education and Training (SET) Program
- Fellowship Programs

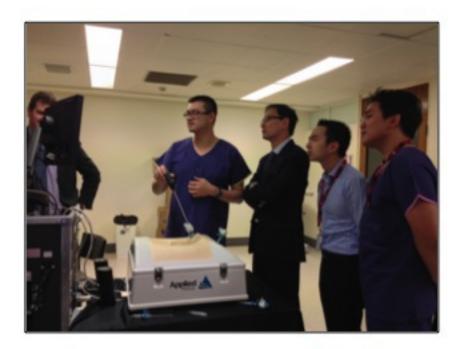






Surgical Training

- Principles of Adult Learning
- Cognitive:
 - Medical knowledge
 - Decision making
- Skills Training
 - Clinical Examination Skills
 - Technical Skills
- Non-Technical Skills
 - Communication
 - Research literature review and appraisal





Hospital Programs

- Aimed at Interns and junior Resident Medical Officers
- Alfred Hospital: Dedicated Education Officer
- Range of programs available:
 - Weekly Intern Education Program
 - Fortnightly HMO Education Program
 - After Dark Surgical Program
 - Vascular Anastomosis Workshop
 - Basic Clinical Sciences Program
 - Clinical Anatomy Program





Hospital Programs

- Aimed at Interns and junior Resident Medical Officers
- Alfred Hospital: Dedicated Education Officer
- Range of programs available:
 - Orientation Programs: Trauma,
 Neurosurgery and Cardiothoracics
 - Suturing Master Class
 - Return to Basics: a clinical skills education program
 - Junior Medical Staff Professional Development Program
 - SET Tutorial Program





Surgical Education and Training











- Courses
- Resources
 - Journal Library etc
- Simulation:
 - Laparoscopic Workshops
 - DSTC
- Assisted and supervised procedural experience
- Assessment





Surgical Education and Training

Courses:

- ASSET: Australian and New Zealand Surgical Skills Education and Training
- CCrISP: Care of the Critically III Surgical Patient
- FLS: Fundamental Laparoscopic Skills
- CLEAR: Critical Literature Evaluation and Research
- EMST: Early Management of Severe Trauma
- DSTC: Definitive Surgical Trauma Care
- MOSES: Management of Surgical Emergencies
- TIPS: Training in Professional Skills



Skills Training

- Apprenticeship system complimented by skills training in simulation laboratories
- Skill simulation and training allows for:
 - Minimisation of patient involvement early on in skill acquisition
 - Skill to be practiced repeatedly
 - Student rather than patient focused approach
 - Training to be tailored to the specific needs of the student
 - Faster acquisition of skills due to eliminating the need for ad hoc or fortuitous training opportunities
- Facilitated through the RACS, as well as various universities and hospital throughout Australia and New Zealand



Surgical Supervision

- Supervised practice in an apprenticeship system
- Levels of supervision:
 - Trainee as Primary Surgeon
 - > Surgeon Mentor Scrubbed
 - > Surgeon Mentor in Theatre
 - > Surgeon Mentor Available
 - Trainee as Assistant
 - > Assisting Surgeon Mentor



Surgical Supervision

- SET Requirements:
 - Minimum of 100 major cases every 6 months
 - Minimum % as primary operator (based on year of training)

> SET2: 20% then 25%

> SET3: 30% then 40%

> SET4: 50%

> SET5: 60%

- Minimum of 600 major cases prior to sitting for Fellowship Examination
- Minimum of 800 major cases prior to presenting for Fellowship



Surgical Training Assessment

- Supervisors:
 - Head of Unit
 - Hospital Supervisor
 - Hub Supervisor
- SET1:
 - Mini Clinical Examination (Mini-CEX)
 - Direct Observation of Procedural Skills (DOPS)
- SET1-5:
 - Mid-term and End-of-Term Assessment
 - 9 core competencies of Surgeons

The**Alfred**

SET RACS Assessment

Technical Expertise Safely and effectively perform appropriate surgical procedures				N	В	C	E	N	В	C	E
				Trainee			ee	5	sor		
Fails to acquire appropriate skills despite repeated instruction or practice - Too hasty or too slow - Rough with tissue	Is inconsistent in retaining procedural knowledge/skills Lacks attention to detail Hesitant	 Consistently demonstrates acquisition, practice, and retention of sound procedural knowledge, surgical skills and techniques for level of training 	Excellent and specialist abilities in procedures and techniques Excellent pre-operative preparation	-							
- Poor manipulative skills - Poor hand-eye coordination	- Slow in learning new skills - Lapses in dexterity	Demonstrates manual dexterity required to carry out procedures Good hand-eye coordination	Outstanding technician Fluent and always in control Meticulous	-							
Unable to adapt skills and techniques - Skill transfer not apparent	Ongoing weaknesses Struggles to adapt skills to different contexts	Adapts their skills in the context of each patient and procedure	Extremely good at adapting skills for varying operative situations Excellent surgical judgement	-							
Lacks enthusiasm and/or intiative to participate and/or learn	 Failes to improve skills and/or learn from experience 	- Maintains skills - Effective in learning new skills	 Seeks opportunities to learn new skills 						6		
Lacks care and diligence in approach	Requires close supervision 'Near enough is good enough' approahc	 Approaches and carries out procedures with due attention to safety of patient, self, and others 	Outstanding clinician Constantly aware and responds to patient, self, and team members Exellent attention to detail								
- As surgical assistant falls to follow operation - Obstructive to operative progress	Has lapses in concentration Needs to be prompted to assist effectively	- Follows the operation with guidance from the operator	Anticipates the needs of the operator and responds accordingly								
Ignores/failes to follow up problematic performance Little recognition of deficiences in skills or techniques	Occassionally acknowledges/ follows up on problematic performance Ignores feedback	Consistently analyses their own clinical performance for continuous improvement Learns from feedback from others	Accurate in self-appraisal Excellent insight Seeks and accepts criticism and responds appropriately aware of own skill limitations								С



Junior Medical Staff: In Summary

- Range of Programs:
 - University
 - Intern Programs
 - Hospital Residency Programs
 - RACS courses available to pre-SET trainees and SET trainees
 - SET Program





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Fellows







Royal Australasian College of Surgeons

- Continuing Professional Development Program:
 - Outlines requirements for Fellows
- Audits of Surgical Mortality
- Morbidity Audit and Logbook Tool (MALT)
- Recent review of the College website:
 - Many non-technical resources available
 - No technical skills workshops or courses currently listed





Annual Scientific Workshop





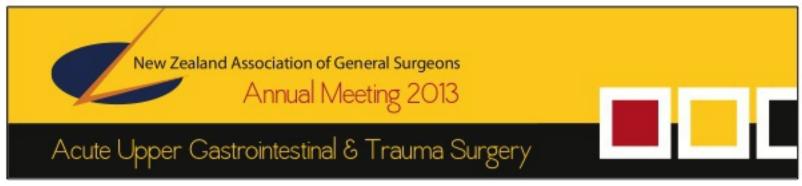
Annual Scientific Program

- Extensive Program
 - Lectures
 - Scientific Papers
 - Master Classes and 'How I do it' sessions
 - Trade display with innovative products available for review
 - Workshops



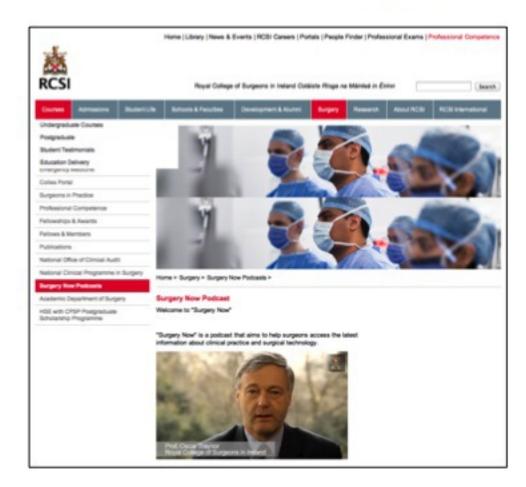






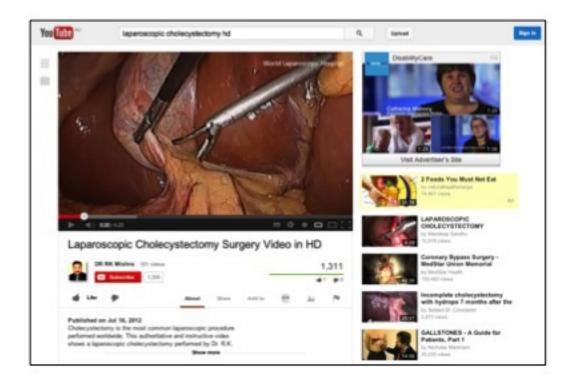


Pod Casts:
 Eg RCSI





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- Industry



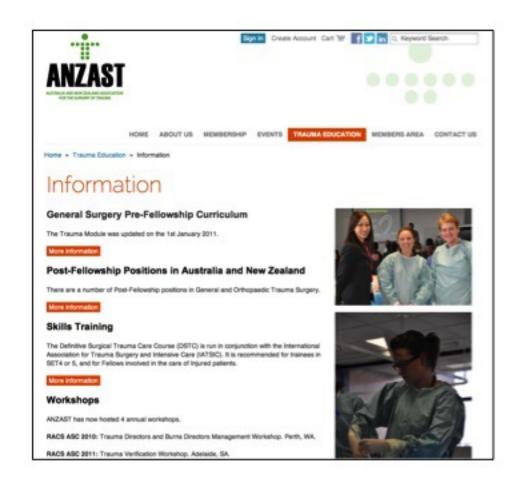


- Pod Casts:
 Eg RCSI
- · You Tube
- Industry
- Journal online resources





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- Specialty Societies





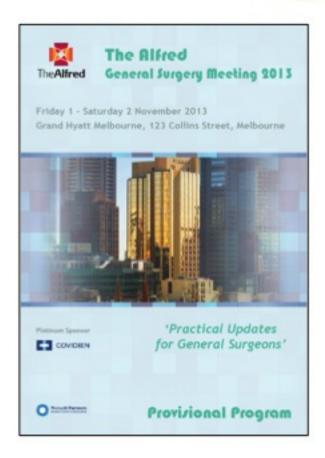
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- Specific Skills Training







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- Specialty Societies
- Specific Skills Training
- Update Meetings





Surgical Simulation and Skills Training

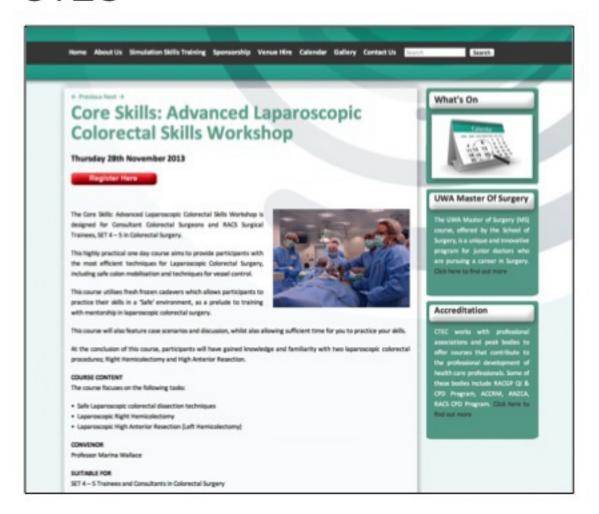


Clinical Training and Evaluation Centre (CTEC)

- University of WA
- Cater for all medical and allied health professionals
- Cater for Pre-SET through to senior consultant level



CTEC





Challenges for Consultant Staff

- Sub-specialisation and clinical case load
- Identification of need for training in specific areas:
 - Individual surgeons
 - Hospital administration
- CPD program does not emphasise ongoing clinical skill acquisition and maintenance



Challenges for Consultant Staff

- College-based Skills Training:
 - Only one regular skills-based training facility listed on RACS, GSA and NZAGS websites (CTEC)
- Hospital-based Skills Training:
 - Variable: Geographical and private v's public sector

Access to skill simulation labs and established programs on a regular basis is limited to only a few facilities



Conclusions

- Adult education: well researched and established methods
- Programs exist for junior doctors: both non-technical and technical
- Many non-technical programs exist for consultant staff however skill training is lacking
- Skill programs for consultant staff are possible:
 - Recognise the need
 - Facilitation through College and Specialist Societies
 - Facilitation through private practice and public hospital system

